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NYSCEF DOC. NO 99 REME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK 03/03/2017 **NEW YORK COUNTY**

PRESENT:	PART 54
Index Number: 653961/2016 CAPITAL ENTERPRISES CO. vs. DWORMAN, ALVIN SEQUENCE NUMBER: 003 REARGUE/RENEW	MOTION DATE
The following papers, numbered 1 to, were read on this motion to/for Notice of Motion/Order to Show Cause — Affidavits — Exhibits Answering Affidavits — Exhibits	No(s) No(s)
Replying Affidavits Upon the foregoing papers, it is ordered that this motion is a least of the foregoing papers, it is ordered that this motion is a least of the foregoing papers, it is ordered that this motion is a least of the foregoing papers, it is ordered that this motion is a least of the foregoing papers, it is ordered that this motion is a least of the foregoing papers, it is ordered that this motion is a least of the foregoing papers, it is ordered that this motion is a least of the foregoing papers, it is ordered that this motion is a least of the foregoing papers, it is ordered that this motion is a least of the foregoing papers, it is ordered that this motion is a least of the foregoing papers, it is ordered that this motion is a least of the foregoing papers, it is ordered that this motion is a least of the foregoing papers, it is ordered that this motion is a least of the foregoing papers, it is ordered that this motion is a least of the foregoing papers, it is ordered that this motion is a least of the foregoing papers of the for	eargrund accordance ear on Ch chall e-fil
Dated: Dated: CASE DISPOSED	NON-FINAL DISPOSITION
2. CHECK AS APPROPRIATE:	GRANTED IN PART OTHER SUBMIT ORDER RY APPOINTMENT REFERENCE

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1 2 SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK NEW YORK COUNTY : CIVIL TERM : PART 54 3 ----X CAPITAL ENTERPRISES CO., 4 Plaintiff 5 - against -Ind. No. 653961/16 6 ALVIN DWORMAN Defendant ----X 7 60 Centre Street 8 New York, New York March 2, 2017 9 BEFORE: 10 11 HONORABLE SHIRLEY WERNER KORNREICH 12 Justice 13 APPEARANCES: 14 MORRISON COHEN LLP Attorneys for Plaintiff 15 909 Third Avenue New York, NY 10022 BY: Y. DAVID SCHARF, ESQ. 16 HONORABLE DAVID B. SAXE 17 18 MINTZ LEVIN, PC Attorneys for Defendant 19 633 Third Avenue New York, NY 10017 20 BY: CHRISTOPHER J. SULLIVAN, ESQ. 21 Kathy Y. Jones 22 Official Court Reporter 23 24 25 26

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2	THE COURT: Good morning.
3	MR. SCHARF: Good morning.
4	MR. SULLIVAN: Good morning, your Honor.
5	THE COURT: Okay. This is a motion for
6	reargument and it was a case which involved an old
7	Partnership Agreement and the Court, and this is not being
8	challenged, ruled that since this is under the New York
9	arbitration statute and not an FAA case, the Court would
10	decide the statute of limitation issues and bar those
11	issues from going to the arbitrator.
12	There were what is stated to be three other
13	issues that the Court ruled on as a gatekeeper but I think
14	it's really two.
15	Be that as it may, that's the crux of the
16	reargument.
17	I'll hear you.
18	MR. SCHARF: Thank you, your Honor. David
19	Scharf and the Honorable David Saxe.
20	Judge Saxe has just joined our firm yesterday
21	and he will be working with me on the arbitration that's
22	going to go forward with Judge Fried and since it
23	involves
24	THE COURT: I must say you're very lucky.
25	Let's continue.
26	MR. SAXE: Thank you, your Honor.

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1 Proceedings 2 MR. SCHARF: We agree. Thank you, your Honor. 3 The two or three issues we believe are issues 4 5 that organically arise out of the whole Agreement and we 6 have a --7 THE COURT: Well, will you just describe them because in my mind there are two issues, one dealing with 8 9 who the manager is. And this is a partnership, am I 10 correct? 11 MR. SCHARF: It is, your Honor. 12 THE COURT: So, it's not an LLC. It's not a 13 corporation. It's a joint venture or partnership that 14 owns several buildings, real estate here in New York. 15 MR. SCHARF: That's correct. 16 THE COURT: Okay. So, two of the issues which I 17 really think should be one issue deals with management; am 18 I correct? 19 MR. SCHARF: I thought two of them, the way I 20 thought that the two you might be grouping together, are the ones relating to the disposition termination of the 21 22 partnership and the partnership assets. THE COURT: Let me look at what you -- I have it 23 24 here. For some reason -- okay. 25 Dworman's refusal, you're right, to abide by the 26 terms of the prior agreement for a work out early

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1 Proceedings termination and dissolution of the partnership. 2 Partners disagreement concerning disposition including new sale and 3 4 marketing to third parties of the assets. 5 So, yes, you're right. I misstated that. 6 So, one of them deals with basically selling the 7 assets and agreement to selling the assets which your client says was done by handshake and the other one is 8 9 dealing with? 10 MR. SCHARF: The management. 11 THE COURT: So, there are two really. 12 MR. SCHARF: Yes, your Honor. I think they are 13 subsumed. I think what we did, your Honor, when we were 14 discussing those issues was respectfully you and I engaged 15 in a back and forth in a colloquy that violated the 16 17 function of what the Court was supposed to be doing when a 18 motion to compel arbitration was being made by us. 19 THE COURT: Your argument from what I understand is, as I said during the argument, this is a very broad 20 arbitration clause. 21 22 MR. SCHARF: Yes. 23 THE COURT: And the issues of interpretation of 24 the arbitration clause are to go to the arbitrator. 25 MR. SCHARF: Yes. However, your Honor excluded, 26 let's call it, this disposition handshake termination

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dissolution issue from going to the arbitrator and finding -- and making a determination as to the merits of that and we had a colloquy and I said the provision requires only consent of the parties. Your Honor said, no, the amendment provision.

So, what we did was, I think we impermissibly got into the area of the arbitrator because the First Department in the Court of Appeals has said that a Court is not supposed to be deciding on whether the merits of the claim is tenable or not and I think we got into that and your Honor said --

THE COURT: Well, the question really is does it fall under arbitration --

MR. SCHARF: Well --

THE COURT: -- or is it a gatekeeping issue?

MR. SCHARF: So, I believe, your Honor, and you did say that as well on a number of occasions that we're all in agreement that this is a broad arbitration provision. We know the arbitration agreement has a termination provision in it. We looked at it. We know that there's an amendment provision which requires things in writing. We know there are certain provisions in the Agreement that specifically say notice shall be given in writing, this needs to happen, certain things need to be in writing. However, when we looked at the provision, you

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2	and I were arguing, having a conversation and a colloquy
3	with respect to whether or not the consent, the handshake
4	agreement which was memorialized in a memo that was
5	THE COURT: A LOI.
6	MR. SCHARF: Your Honor, you want me to stay
7	away from that for a minute.
8	THE COURT: No, no, no. You put this in a memo
9	which the other side says after two years of discovery for
10	some reason all of a sudden shows up. The memo is a memo
11	from the accounting firm.
12	MR. SCHARF: Correct.
13	THE COURT: Who is your client's accounting firm
14	and has been removed because there was bias and there are
15	all kinds of issues with the accountant. So, you're
16	saying that the accountant's writing is sufficient to
17	show it's not a writing signed by either party.
18	MR. SCHARF: It's not and I'm not saying that,
19	your Honor. What I'm really saying about I understand
20	your Honor is sceptical about whether or not there was
21	THE COURT: It's not for me to decide whether or
22	not
23	MR. SCHARF: that writing.
24	THE COURT: It's not my job to decide the
25	credibility of whether this writing was done. It isn't my
26	job to at this point because I'm not asked to decide

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whether it was hidden by your client's. That's not part

of this and I'm not going to opine on that.

MR. SCHARF: Yes. So, before your Honor did say --

THE COURT: But it isn't, but we can all agree, it isn't the kind of writing that whether it's an LLC agreement, a shareholders agreement or a partnership agreement, when any of those agreements have a clause that requires a signed writing or writing, this is not the kind of writing we're talking about.

Would you agree with that?

MR. SCHARF: I would agree with your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. SCHARF: However, there are a couple of things, and again I think we are going down the road in getting into the role of what should properly be before the arbitrator because the dispute as to the termination, Article 5 and whether or not --

THE COURT: Wait a minute. It's a dispute.

It's really one question. You're saying the dispute is -you're arguing that your client says he had a luncheon
meeting with Dworman and your client isn't of course the
partner. It's his entity that's the partner. That he had
a luncheon meeting with Dworman. They shook hands and
decided they were going to divvy up the real estate.

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MR. SCHARF: Yes.

THE COURT: And transfer it or sell it. At the present time, it wasn't decided how, what, where.

Subsequently, you submit what looks like some kind of sheet from the accountant laying out all the issues and speaking to the lawyers working on an agreement.

MR. SCHARF: Yes.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. SCHARF: Yes, but putting aside the memo, Article 5 of the Agreement which requires all disputes to go to arbitration has a provision entitled termination and section 5.1 has a section called events of the termination and it says the partnership shall be dissolved and its affairs wound up on the first to occur the following. And subsection B says a determination of the partners to dissolve.

THE COURT: Can I ask you something?

MR. SCHARF: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: So, you're saying. Let's say I have a -- I create a partnership and I'm not saying that happened here but I'm just assuming something. I am going to create a partnership with you. We own three or four buildings, just like this, major buildings of real estate and I put in my partnership agreement when we decide to dissolve we can sell these buildings without a writing in

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1 Proceedings 2 violation of the statute of frauds. That would be okay? Would that be okay, yes or no? 3 4 MR. SCHARF: No. Then I think that answers this. 5 THE COURT: 6 MR. SCHARF: No, it doesn't. Allow me to tell 7 you why. 8 Article 1, we've never looked at this provision 9 Article 1 talks about the formation, name and 10 office and subsection B it says about partner's interest 11 in the partnership shall be personal property for all 12 purposes. 13 THE COURT: Wait a minute. If your answer to me 14 was no, then what was the handshake beyond the transfer to 15 sell these buildings. Was it just an agreement to dissolve? 16 MR. SCHARF: It was a methodology of how they 17 were going to effectuate because --18 19 THE COURT: What are you asking -- what do you want the arbitrator to decide? That's what I am asking 20 21 you. From what I gather, you want the arbitrator to 22 23 say that each of the parties will keep one building and sell the other. So, they would transfer real estate to 24 each other without a writing. They agreed to that by the 25 handshake. 26

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What you're telling the Court is to ignore the statute of frauds and let the arbitrator say they agreed to sell real state, transfer real estate without a writing.

On top of that, the writing that your client finally came up with, he specifically speaks to going to lawyers and writing all of this.

We're dealing with two very sophisticated real estate people who know. When you sell buildings, you put it in writing and terms and saying I will give you half my buildings or I will sell the building is not an agreement without material terms such as price, to whom, how you're going to sell, date of contract, date of closing, financing. None of this.

You're saying the handshake was sufficient and the arbitrator should be able to decide -- that I should send that to arbitration, ignoring the statute of frauds, ignoring the sophistication of the these two real estate people and now ignoring the writing you just put in that says this has to be negotiated, we're in the midst of negotiating and this has to go to their lawyers.

MR. SCHARF: Yes, your Honor. And allow me to explain why. Okay. Because what you just said, a determination as to the applicability of the statute of frauds, the applicability of whether or not a

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determination of the partners to dissolve needs to be in writing, a determination as to section 5.3, the winding up which says the partners shall wind up the partnership affairs. The assets of the partnership shall be sold within a reasonable amount of time. Those issues are issues for the arbitrator.

It is not my burden seeking to compel arbitration to prove a likelihood of success.

THE COURT: So, what are you asking?

I thought what you're's saying is not -- you know, it's one thing for the arbitrator to make a decision and that could easily go to the arbitrator and probably should happen because this is a broken relationship and they need a commercial divorce. It's one thing for the arbitrator to say they've agreed to dissolve. That I have no problem with.

MR. SCHARF: Okay.

THE COURT: My problem is your claim they agreed on how to dissolve. That they were going to transfer real property without a writing. That they were going to sell real property without a writing. It's the meanings that I think cannot go to arbitration because it would fly in the face of the statute of frauds.

In a sense what this does, and I know manifest disregard is always a questionable thing and it's usually

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after an arbitration. You're asking this Court to rule when the law is clear on statute of frauds for the Court to ignore, to manifestly disregard the statute of frauds and send an issue that is black letter law and it's black letter law because of what's happening here.

Oh, did these people decide to transfer real property or sell real property without material terms, without a writing and send that to an arbitrator to decide. I think that would basically undermine the law of the state. I think as a gatekeeper, I can't do that.

MR. SCHARF: Your Honor, I would like to say two things. I'd like to address your concern about the statute of frauds for a moment although please understand that I believe that while it may be a losing argument and I'm not conceding that but that is not a gatekeeping function for your Honor. That is, once there is a broad arbitration provision and it arises out of the dispute, it's for Judge Fried to decide whether the statute of limitations applies here but let me --

THE COURT: You mean -- not the statute of limitations.

MR. SCHARF: I am sorry, the statute of frauds.

THE COURT: You mean as to the sell of real

estate?

MR. SCHARF: Yes.

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THE COURT: And then you're saying the other side will come back and say that's manifest disregard.

I mean, I believe that Judge Fried would probably not do this, but even so, that if he ruled that they could transfer real property, that they agreed to transfer real property, that was sufficient to transfer this real property, that would be okay. And then the other side come back to me and say this is manifest disregard of the law.

You know, I think that you're opening a can of worms.

MR. SCHARF: Your Honor, you're never really giving me the opportunity to try my case in front of Judge Fried which I would like to but I want to try to give you a level of comfort that we're not heading into a circle where we'll be back before you with a manifest disregard if Judge Fried decides that the statute of frauds somehow is not implicated here.

Your Honor, I agree the statute of frauds is implicated here. However, your Honor needs to remember one other thing. The entities, we have a master partnership that manages the partnership -- the properties. The properties, if there is going to be a swap of partnership interests, those swap of partnership interests don't necessarily need to be in writing. Okay.

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And because there is a writing already in section 5.3 that says the parties agree to sell the properties. If they are going to swap their partnership interests, okay, instead of selling to a third party, they have already agreed in writing that all three buildings need to be sold to a third party in the event of dissolution.

THE COURT: As I said earlier, I have no problem with the issue of whether they agreed to dissolve the partnership going to the arbitrator. I think that's fine. My problem is the mechanics of it. The agreement that certain property would be sold, certain property -- parts of property would be transferred. This is real property. You need a writing.

Moreover, you also need terms which is acknowledged by the writing you've now submitted, your client has now submitted. You can't just handshake the transfer and sale of real estate in New York.

There are not even material terms in writing. There was nothing.

I think I would be -- by allowing that to be determined that a handshake is okay for the transfer and sale of real property, to me that's undermining basic law.

MR. SCHARF: Your Honor, the statute of frauds in particular as it relates to transfer of real property.

THE COURT: What exactly do you want the

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arbitrator to decide, that they agreed to divest themselves of half a building and they agreed to sell the third building? Is that what you want the arbitrator to decide?

MR. SCHARF: I want the arbitrator to be able to decide a multilered and multilayered issue. Number one, did the parties agree to part ways.

THE COURT: That's fine. I have no problem with that.

MR. SCHARF: I would also like the opportunity to present to the arbitrator whether there are any exceptions to the statute of frauds so that the issue of whether or not we needed a writing and the handshake or there was partial performance because your Honor will remember partial performance is one of the exceptions that the Appellate Division has said appropriate.

You are not giving me an opportunity by saying I'm clamping down. I'm only allowing you to present the following evidence to the arbitrator.

We have a broad arbitration provision. One of the issues relates and arises from the Agreement. You've got to trust Judge Fried to do it right and give me an opportunity to put on my case once we have decided that the issue arising from Article 5, termination and the winding up and the distribution can --

KATHY Y. JONES, OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER

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THE COURT: So, you want him to determine whether that handshake was an agreement to transfer half of each building to the other and sell the third building?

MR. SCHARF: To transfer partnership from among partners and whether they can do that in accordance with either the statute of frauds, the Partnership Agreement.

THE COURT: I don't understand what terms -there were no terms. It was a handshake and your client
is saying the terms were this. The other side says no.

MR. SCHARF: The other side hasn't said, no, these weren't the terms, your Honor. The other side has not -- has simply walked away from what was negotiated.

THE COURT: But the point is they walked away from what you claim was negotiated and the negotiation, the crux of the negotiation is the sale of three large real estate buildings in New York without a writing, without material terms.

MR. SCHARF: I think you're wrong, your Honor, in the following three ways:

With respect to the third piece of property that was agreed to be sold, the actual Partnership Agreement says that that's what they're supposed to do. So, you're right. That was the third property that everyone agreed would be conveyed, outright title, fee simple to somebody else. We all know that that needs to happen and we all

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2	know when there is a buyer for that property, the third
3	party, that that property is going to have a written
4	contract and a deed to transfer in order to make that
5	happen. We're not arguing about that.
6	THE COURT: So, with the third property,
7	although from what I recall, the deal that you were
8	arguing was that one of them would buy the third
9	property
10	MR. SCHARF: It would be
11	THE COURT: or that it would be sold
12	outright, correct?
13	MR. SCHARF: Sure.
14	THE COURT: And I don't know. There was no
15	agreement as to price. There was no
16	MR. SCHARF: There was a methodology that was
17	agreed to that you can see in the memo but let's talk
18	about the other two.
19	THE COURT: Wait a minute. The memo is from
20	your own accountant?
21	MR. SCHARF: From the partnership accountant.
22	THE COURT: It isn't signed.
23	MR. SCHARF: I agree with you. I agree with all
24	of this, your Honor. We don't have a dispute on the
25	facts.
26	What I am asking you to allow me to do is to

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present the facts and arguments at an arbitration because it arises, the dispute arises from this issue.

With respect to the two -- with respect to the two buildings where they were going to swap partnership interests, in essence, we have a provision that says the partnership interest is not to be treated as realty. It is to be treated as personal property. I would like to try to convince Judge Fried that that provision is dispositive and therefore it is outside --

THE COURT: You just said to me that you cannot, even if the partnership said that you can sell or transfer real property without a writing, you just said to me earlier that that would not -- that would not hold because that would be in violation of the statute of frauds.

MR. SCHARF: I said that if this was deemed to be a transfer of real property, we have a statute of frauds issue that I can present exceptions to the statute of frauds including the one that the First Department and the Court of Appeals has carved out.

THE COURT: There is no reliance here. I mean, you don't have an estoppel here.

MR. SCHARF: Your Honor, you're not allowing me to present that issue to Judge Fried. Why can't I do that?

I don't have to prove -- I mean, if I can read

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2	to your Honor from an opinion which we cited in our
3	papers.
4	THE COURT: You know what, let me hear from the
5	other side.
6	Why don't you have a seat and let's hear from
7	the other side on this issue.
8	MR. SULLIVAN: Your Honor, I will be very brief.
9	Thank you.
10	Chris Sullivan for Mr. Dworman.
11	The standard, as I'm sure your Honor is aware,
12	from a motion on reargument is whether a Court overlooked
13	or misapprehended the fact or the law.
14	Counsel just informed the Court that the facts
15	are set forth correctly in your Honor's rendition. So,
16	we're really talking about the law here.
17	I read Mr. Scharf's papers carefully to see what
18	he said about the law. If your Honor does the same, you
19	will see that he mentions the statute of frauds once at
20	the very end of his memorandum of law in the context of a
21	quote that says arbitration should be liberally construed
22	in the State of New York and that includes the statute of
23	frauds and then he cites to three cases. They don't
24	mention the statute of frauds.
25	I also looked to see whether he mentions Section
26	15-301 of the general obligation law which is the no oral

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modification provision in which the First Department has very emphatically stated that you cannot circumvent a no oral modification clause in a partnership agreement in exactly the circumstances of this case. And there is no mention, your Honor, of that.

Finally, I looked to see whether counsel ever addressed the issue of why his client doesn't want to invoke the exclusive remedy in the Partnership Agreement for dividing up the property. Why are we going to some mysterious handshake agreement years ago that no one agrees to and believe me --

THE COURT: You have no problem then going to Judge Fried and dissolving this partnership that is suffering and following the arbitration agreement?

MR. SULLIVAN: Your Honor, we will certainly follow the Partnership Agreement. What we have said consistently --

THE COURT: I meant the Partnership Agreement.

MR. SULLIVAN: What we have said consistently is until we learn how much money Mr. Palin has stolen from his entity, we're hard pressed to resolve the issue. It's very relevant to the issue of invoking the buy sell clause in the Partnership Agreement.

So, to sum up very quickly, your Honor, there is no law in their papers because the Court did not

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2	misapprehend or overlook the law. They've taken an
3	expedited appeal to the First Department of your Honor's
4	decision.
5	They initially attempted to persuade Justice
6	Fried that all issues are before him until we corrected
7	the record.
8	We're back here in front of your Honor. There
9	is absolutely nothing in their presentation that suggests
10	the Court should change its decision.
11	MR. SCHARF: Let me correct him. We haven't
12	taken an appeal from your Honor's decision as relates to
13	this case.
14	THE COURT: I have no problem.
15	MR. SCHARF: I believe Mr. Sullivan has
16	mis-spoken.
17	THE COURT: Now, let's deal with the second.
18	MR. SCHARF: Can I just
19	THE COURT: You had a long time.
20	MR. SCHARF: I appreciate just one word on the
21	issue.
22	THE COURT: I have three other motions.
23	MR. SCHARF: I know. I know. I will be very
24	brief.
25	The statute of frauds is an affirmative defense
26	to our claim. If we have a claim that arises from the

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Agreement and it's right in Article 5, we get to go there.

They have an affirmative defense that they can put on.

The First Department in Shazo versus Hirschler, which is a case I believe the Court may have overlooked in its decision, says the right of a party to relief under substantive provision of the contract -- that's what we're talking about -- is not a proper consideration for the court upon an application to stay arbitration.

THE COURT: I don't think we're dealing with substantive provisions of the contract.

You're asking me to in a sense undermine the law of this state as to statute of frauds. I just can't and I think -- I think the statute of frauds has to be upheld when it comes to real estate.

MR. SCHARF: Your Honor, the statutes of frauds is not an Article 75 like the statute of limitations.

THE COURT: Counsel, please.

MR. SCHARF: Yes, I will be quiet.

THE COURT: Let's move on to the next issue and as to this issue I stand on this ruling.

MR. SULLIVAN: I don't think there is another issue, your Honor.

THE COURT: Yes, there is Dworman's revocation of his authorization for Capital Enterprises to act as day-to-day manager.

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2	That's the other issue?
3	MR. SCHARF: Yes, it is, your Honor.
4	THE COURT: I'm not sure what that issue is.
5	Why don't you explain it to me.
6	What is his authorization? It was never a
7	writing or anything else.
8	MR. SCHARF: There is. Your Honor, the
9	Partnership Agreement with the authorization of Capital
10	THE COURT: It made Dworman the general manager.
11	MR. SCHARF: That's correct.
12	THE COURT: And it required writing to change
13	that and there was no writing. Yes.
14	So, what are you asking here?
15	MR. SCHARF: We are asking your Honor
16	THE COURT: I wasn't sure.
17	MR. SCHARF: Sure. That the day-to-day
18	management issue since it was being carried out by Carard
19	which was specifically authorized in the Agreement to do
20	so.
21	THE COURT: Right.
22	MR. SCHARF: There was an historical morphing of
23	the right to act as manager which Dworman had and which
24	right which he gave up and if you look
25	THE COURT: I think there was it was
26	distinguished from what I recall. Unfortunately, I have

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2	so many motions on today, I didn't re-read the Agreement
3	this time but I had read it last time and from what I
4	recall there was one general manager and then there was a
5	day-to-day management company.
6	MR. SCHARF: Yes.
7	THE COURT: And Carard which was owned by Palin
8	I believe
9	MR. SCHARF: Correct.
10	THE COURT: was the day-to-day management
11	company and Dworman was the general manager.
12	MR. SCHARF: Correct.
13	THE COURT: That was in the Agreement.
14	MR. SCHARF: Correct.
15	I'll go through the provisions quickly.
16	Major decisions, Dworman as managing partner
17	shall not be empowered without the prior written consent
18	with Palin to do any act in contravention of this
19	Agreement.
20	One of the provisions that Dworman can't do in
21	contravention of this Agreement even though he's the
22	manager is section 4.3. The partners hereby agree to
23	engage Carard Management Company or any other affiliated
24	company which your Honor said it can go
25	THE COURT: Let me tell you why I'm confused.
26	This is an issue for the arbitrator. Carard was removed

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2	by the Court.
3	MR. SCHARF: Yes.
4	THE COURT: Which is not and now temporarily
5	or it will be up to the arbitrator to decide what happens
6	in the future.
7	MR. SCHARF: Okay.
8	THE COURT: But they came to court because they
9	said they presented forensic proof that Palin was
10	taking money out, you know, improperly taking money from
11	the partnership, whatever.
12	MR. SCHARF: And we'll arbitrate that issue.
13	THE COURT: And that Carard was involved in
14	this, et cetera. The Court then put in a temporary
15	managing company that the two parties agreed to.
16	MR. SCHARF: Yes.
17	THE COURT: So, I don't understand what this
18	third thing is.
19	MR. SCHARF: Okay. I thought it was listen,
20	when I read your Honor's ruling when your Honor
21	excluded on page 26 Mr. Sullivan was going through the
22	issues and he said Dworman's revocation of his
23	authorization to Capital Enterprises to act as day-to-day
24	manager of the properties. The Court then said this isn't
25	an issue because there was no written amendment. So, that
26	doesn't exist.

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2	THE COURT: Right. You know, Mr. Dworman is the
3	managing member.
4	MR. SCHARF: But, however, we have a right to
5	contest the action by Mr. Dworman to seek the relief that
6	he obtained from this Court to seek to replace Carard.
7	THE COURT: The relief he obtained from this
8	Court was temporary.
9	MR. SCHARF: I think we just need to be clear on
10	that, your Honor.
11	THE COURT: Absolutely.
12	MR. SCHARF: Okay.
13	THE COURT: That all is going to the arbitrator.
14	It's up to the arbitrator to make a decision as to whether
15	or not there was this alleged stealing from the company or
16	if there were, I guess if it was a corporate entity under
17	an LLC, we talk about waste. All of this is for
18	arbitration.
19	MR. SCHARF: That's fine. I felt that I was
20	going to be your Honor said please send this to the
21	arbitrator.
22	THE COURT: You know what, I do so much orally
23	off the bench, I do 70 or 80 percent like this off the
24	bench.
25	MR. SCHARF: We appreciate that, your Honor.
26	THE COURT: Often there are piles of paper.

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2	That the record was not that clear here, I understand and
3	I'm glad you came forward and now it's clarified.
4	MR. SCHARF: Thank you, your Honor.
5	MR. SULLIVAN: If I may, your Honor, on that
6	point, Carard, of course, is not a party to the
7	Partnership Agreement or the arbitration.
8	THE COURT: Absolutely, that's a different case,
9	and I haven't stated because it's Palin's son and other
10	people who now own Carard and there is a different case
11	involving them which is not stayed because it has nothing
12	to do with this Partnership Agreement.
13	MR. SULLIVAN: That's exactly my point, Judge.
14	THE COURT: Absolutely. Yeah, there are three
15	different cases here.
16	MR. SULLIVAN: Obviously, it's critical.
1.7	THE COURT: And we're talking here only about
18	the two partners and I use the name Palin but Palin isn't
19	even a partner. It's his entity that's a partner.
20	MR. SCHARF: Capital Enterprises.
21	THE COURT: Right?
22	MR. SCHARF: Yes, your Honor.
23	THE COURT: So, I stand on the issue of the
24	statute of frauds.
25	I don't think you can just do away with the
26	statute of frauds. It's like entering into an agreement

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1 Proceedings and extending a statute of limitations. I think it's 2 against public policy. You just cannot say we'll sell 3 property in New York without any writing. It just can't 4 5 happen. 6 I mean, it's like saying to the Court, you 7 should not -- manifest disregard but by you the Court. I just can't do it. 8 9 In terms of the other, I hope that's clarified. MR. SCHARF: Thank you, your Honor. 10 11 MR. SULLIVAN: Thank you, your Honor. 12 THE COURT: Mr. Scharf, can you order the order 13 and efile it. I'm going to say decided according to the 14 record. 15 MR. SCHARF: The record. 1.6 THE COURT: My decision on the record. Okay. 17 MR. SCHARF: Yes. 18 CERTIFICATE 19 Certified to be a true and accurate transcript of the 20 21 proceedings. 22 23 Y. Jones Kathy T Official Court Reporter 24 25 26

KATHY Y. JONES, OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER